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PER QUARTER

1997-1998

Intimations.

DAKI BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED, CHEMISTS.

AGENTS FOR
PARKE, DAVIS & Co's,
SPECIALTIES.
CASCARA CORDIAL.

A non-secret preparation of the now universal used Cascara Sagrada. In those cases of constipation and indigestion where Cascara is indicated, this cordial can be used with confidence; it is pleasantly flavoured and combined with aromatics that prevent griping, and cover the objectionable bitter taste which is the one great objection to the use of this medicine.

Sold in original flasks at \$1.25.
CONCENTRATED DISTILLED EXTRACT
WITCH HAZEL.

This preparation, sold under various fancy names, has gained the position of a household remedy for wounds, bruises, inflammation, &c. In the treatment of piles it often alone suffices to effect a cure, but its most important use will be in the treatment of traumatic injuries, including sprains, bruises, excoriations, cuts, burns, contused and lacerated wounds, as well as corns, bunions, chapped lips, fissured nipples, ulcers, the bites or stings of insects, &c.

P. D. & Co's preparation is equal to any of the brands sold under proprietary names and is about one third the price.

In pint bottles at 75 cents.
(Telephone No. 66.)
Nos. 22 & 24, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.
Hongkong, 10th March, 1890.



A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.
MANUFACTURERS OF AERATED
WATERS.

OUR AERATED WATER MANUFACTORY is replete with the best Machinery, embodying all the latest improvements in the trade.

The greatest attention has been paid to appliances for ensuring purity in the Water-supply, to secure, which we have added a Condenser capable of supplying us with 3,000 gallons of distilled water a day, and are now in a position to compete in quality with the best English Makers. Our Sweet Waters cannot be surpassed anywhere.

The purest ingredients only are used, and the utmost care and cleanliness are exercised in the manufacture throughout.

LARGE BOMBAY "SODAS"

We continue to supply large bottles as heretofore, free of Extra Charge, to those of our Customers who prefer to have them to the ordinary size.

COAST PORT ORDERS, whenever practicable, are despatched by first steamer leaving after receipt of order.

FOR COAST PORTS, Waters are packed and placed on board ship at Hongkong prices, and the full amount allowed for Packages and Emplies when received in good order.

Counterfeit Order Books supplied on application.

Our Registered Telegraphic Address is, "DISPENSARY, HONGKONG."
And all signed messages addressed thus will receive prompt attention.

The following is a List of Waters always kept ready in Stock:—
PURE AERATED WATERS
SODA WATER
LEMONADE
POTASH WATER
SELTZER WATER
LITHIA WATER
SARSAPARILLA WATER
TONIC WATER
GINGER ALE
GINGERADE.

No Credit given for bottles that look dirty, or greasy, or that appear to have been used for any other purpose than that of Containing Aerated Water, as such bottles are never used again by us.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,
Hongkong, China, and Manila.

BIRTH.
On the 2nd March, at Kulungsoo, Amoy, the wife of P. J. J. STELLINGWERFF, of the I. M. Customs Service, of a son.

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HONGKONG, MONDAY, MARCH 10, 1890.

TELEGRAMS.

RUSSIA AND BULGARIA.

LONDON, February 26th.
Bulgaria pays Russia's claim forthwith.

PARLIAMENT.

The House of Commons has adopted the Address after the rejection by large majorities of numerous amendments.

Sir James Fergusson stated that the Government has accepted an invitation from that of Germany to attend a Labour Conference.

THE EXHIBITION OF 1892.

NEW YORK, February 26th.
It is finally decided that Chicago shall be the site of the Exhibition of 1892.

THE CLEVELAND STREET SCANDAL.

LONDON, February 27th.
In Committee of Supply, Mr. Labouchere will move a reduction of the vote, for the purpose of calling attention to the late gross scandal in the administration of justice.

THE TITHES BILL.

The Tithes Bill has been read a first time.

INFLUENZA.

February 28th.

There is an alarming spread of influenza in Norfolk and Devon.

UNITED STATES.

Fully 150 persons perished in the disaster at Prescott.

THE LABOUR CONFERENCE.

The Labour Conference meets at Berlin on the fifteenth March.

BERLIN, February 28th.

France and Belgium attend the Labour Conference. The programme deals with the employment of women and children, and with Sunday Labour. It is silent on the eight hours question.

EAST AFRICA.

The German Government denies that the object of Major Wissmann's Expedition is the recapture of Wadai, but it hopes to utilize Emin's experience for the benefit of Germany.

THE TONQUIN CAPTIVES.

HAIPHONG, 8th March.
The brothers Victor and Henri Reque, with M. de Costa and Wing-fat-cheong, arrived here to-day, having been released by the Chinese robbers.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s extra steamer *Vinella* left Bombay yesterday for this port.

A FULL report of the Hongkong Amateur Athletic Sports will appear in our mail issue.

TOLSTOI, the famous novelist, has formed an association in Russia to "popularize misery."

THE returns of the number of visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ending March 9th, are:—Europeans 158, Chinese 2,193; total 2,356.

We are informed by the agents (Messrs. Adamson, Bell & Co.) that the steamship *Edendale*, from Liverpool, left Singapore this afternoon for this port.

THEY have the same complaints up at Shanghai as are devastating Hongkong—influenza and insolvency. The proposed Shanghai Hotel Co. has "fell free" for want of support.

WE are requested to state that there will be an exhibition of the Sketching Club to-morrow afternoon, when the members will be pleased to see their friends between 3 and 7 p.m.

THE subscribers to the Garrison Practice Dance have agreed unanimously to hold their annual St. Patrick's quadrille party this year in the City Hall. Invitations will be sent out to-morrow (Tuesday).

MESSRS. Adamson, Bell & Co., agents for the Canadian-Pacific Line, inform us that the steamship *Albatross*, from Vancouver on the 18th inst., arrived at Yokohama on the 19th inst., and left for this port, via Kobe and Nagasaki, to-day.

WE understand that R. W. Bro. C. P. Chater, District Grand Master of Hongkong and South China, and W. Bro. D. Gillies, D. G. Junior Warden, have promised to present a splendid organ to the Masonic Hall.

WE are informed by the Agents (Messrs. Arnold, Karberg & Co.) that the China Shipper's Mutual S. N. Co.'s steamer *Mayuna*, from London and Liverpool, left Singapore for Hongkong this afternoon, and may be expected on or about the 15th inst.

OUR editorial on the recent sensational share swindle case will appear to-morrow. So far as we can learn, nobody has yet been arrested for perjury. There is a very strong opinion about China on the 10th inst. as to the merits of this suit; with the opinion, knowing what we do know of the parties, we cordially agree.

MR. WOODHOUSE "went back" on his vigorous policy towards opium-smugglers, this morning, at the Police Court. A man who had 27 tablets of raw opium, five ditto of prepared opium, and ten of dross, and no certificate, got off with a fifty cent fine, and didn't even forfeit the stuff. A pretty heavy smacker, surely.

SO far as we are aware, there is no truth in the rumour that Brandt has instituted proceedings against us for stating that he deliberately perjured himself in the recent libel case. Damages can't be recovered in a libel suit when the statement is true, even if it is libellous. And what we said was painfully true.

PEOPLE had better be careful what ten-cent pieces they take in change. An elderly infidel was caught yesterday selling fourteen very good imitations, made of lead, for a dollar, and quite a stock were found on him when his last customer—a *lukung*—arrested him. He said he hadn't made them, but still he is on remand.

THE Shanghai Police won the shooting match to which they challenged our force, last week. The total scores at the three ranges were identical, but their total at 500 yards was 247, as compared with 233 scored by the local men. This was due to the collapse of two of the latter side, Sergeant Durcan and McIver, who only made 15 and 11 respectively, out a possible 35, so losing the match.

THE Band of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders will play the following programme at the Officers' Mess, to-morrow evening, commencing at 8 o'clock:—

March "Tannhauser" Wagner
Volta "Immortal" Offenbach
Siciliana "L'Arlecchino" Offenbach
Aria "Euphonia Solo" D'Almeida
Fantasia "From Lucia di Lammermoor" Donizetti
Pavane "A Night in Berlin" Strauss

WE are in receipt of a lengthy and interesting letter, dated Rangoon, from the genial Tommy Hudson. Thomas and his Surprise Party propose visiting this colony about a week hence, and he tells us they are a "round clove" crowd, and in charge of such a consummate showman as Mr. Thomas Hudson. In to-morrow's issue we shall have something more to say on this subject.

WE are told, on the authority of "Brownie" that Mr. Fleming, the acting representative of Britain's majesty in the colony, is becoming famous for making "neatly turned speeches." Was "Brownie" present at the Cricket Club dinner to our friends from Singapore? No! We thought not. His Excellency produced one of the "neatly turned" orations on that occasion. And it was *Kuistafahn's*—with apologies to Mr. Hector Maclean.

CAPTAIN Dowling, of the *Marionette*, met with what the *N. C. Daily News* calls a rather unpleasant accident, on the night of the 6th inst. He was returning to his steamer at the Floating Wharves, when his sampan was run into by a steam launch. He was thrown into the water and drifted some distance from the boat before he was picked up. The inhuman people in the launch made no attempt to save him, but kept on. Unfortunately Captain Dowling cannot recognise the launch that caused the accident.

LEONID APOSTOLOFF, a Cosack engineer, is at work on a new boat, which he says will make eighty knots an hour on the surface of the sea and 120 knots at full speed under water. His idea is to use the motive-power of the sun to the fullest extent. The boat is shaped like a spindle, and consists of an inner and an outer shell, the inner one revolving on journals fitted at each end of a horizontal shaft that runs through the axis of a spindle. Beginning at a point near the bow and winding twice round the outer shell is a blade perpendicular to the axis of the spindle, very much like the thread of a screw. As the outer shell revolves this screw thread will work the craft through the water. The screw will be turned by an electric motor with a storage system.

THE General Managers (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.) inform us that the Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s steamer *Wingsang*, from Calcutta, left Singapore for Hongkong this morning.

THE Prince of Naples, the future King of Italy, if that country is destined to have another King, is described as a silent, cold and stoical young man, overburdened by a scientific and philosophical education. He is, moreover, a hard-working soldier. He never smiles and salutes rarely.

DURING the time the three great coasting steamship companies up North were working under agreement with each other, passengers with return tickets could go to a port by one company's steamer, and return by that of another. The only companies which now recognise each other's tickets are the Indo-China and C.M.S.N. Companies.

YESTERDAY afternoon a couple of British sailors in a small sailing boat got in a bit of a breeze and turned turtle. It fortunately happened that Mr. W. Chickbank, in his steam-launch *Elk*, was proceeding to Kowloon Docks and witnessed the occurrence. He immediately steamed alongside and succeeded in getting the unfortunate sailors safely aboard. Now, where is the Hon. A. P. MacEwen and the Bellios-medal?

ALL those short, smartly-written verses on Chinese subjects composed by "Tung Chik," published by various northern journals, and frequently reproduced in these columns, have been reprinted in book form, under the title of "Lays of Far Cathay," and may be obtained from Messrs. Kelly & Walsh. They are most happily and humorously illustrated by "H. H.," and so aptly express the general sentiment in respect to a hundred things and thoughts that they should be acquired and perused at once.

THE human family to-day consists of about 1,450,000,000 individuals. In Asia, where man was first planted, there are now about 800,000,000; on an average, 120 to the square mile. In Europe there are 320,000,000, averaging 100 to the square mile. In Africa there are 200,000,000. In America, North and South, there are 110,000,000, relatively thinly scattered and recent. In the islands, large and small, probably 100,000,000. The extremes of the white and black are as five to three, the remaining 700,000,000 being intermediate brown and tawny.

WE understand that a match has been arranged to take place at the Race-course to-morrow between Mr. "Jack" Ezekiel and Mr. W. H. Young, the winner of the Veterans' Race conceding his opponent five yards start in 120. The old L. A. C. sprinter is an exceptionally fast runner, and he is at present in capital trim, but if Mr. Ezekiel is not deterred, and he can run a bit when once started, the five yards allowance ought to insure a very tight fight. How many yards start in a hundred will the winner of this match give "An Old Sportman"?

A CERTAIN preacher, discussing upon Bunyan and his works, caused a titter among his hearers by exclaiming, "In these days, my brethren, we want more Bunyans." Another clergyman, pleading earnestly with his parishioners for the construction of a cemetery for their parish, asked them to consider the "deplorable condition of 30,000 Chinese Christians living without Christ, but still in the land." Still more curious was this clerical slip: A gentleman said to the minister, "When do you expect to see Deacon S. again?" "Never," said the reverend gentleman solemnly; "the deacon is in heaven."

China Mail English as she is writ—in the *China Mail*:—"Our readers will learn with pleasure and will be thankful to us for letting them know that their favorite dentifrice, the Elfix, powder, and paste of the R.R.F. Benedictines of South Abbey Aves, obtained the highest award bestowed on Dentifrices at the Universal Exhibition of 1889. Honour and glory, etc., etc." Something like the foregoing appeared in the *Hongkong Telegraph* a month ago, but with the somewhat important difference that our para. was couched in grammatical English, whereas the extract we have quoted is after the fashion of the Editor of our evening contemporary—not Lindley Murray.

VERY often a tight ring will stick so fast to the finger that the wearer will try to go to the jeweller to have it taken off. All kinds of rings can be easily removed with a piece of thread. The best thing is a piece of silk thread, but a good strong piece of linen thread will do. Pass the end between the finger and ring, keeping the spool or unrolled cord at the side next the finger tip. Wind the thread around the finger toward the tip. Wind on about a quarter of an inch and then unwind the end under the ring, taking care to push the ring forward over the wound part. As one end is unwound wind on at the other end, and gradually the ring will be worked off to the tip of the finger. It is a good thing to oil or soap the thread before winding it, and the ring will slip over it much easier than over dry thread. This method will remove any ring, no matter how tight it is.

A *Strait Times* correspondent records a very sad accident which took place the other at Langkat (Deli). An assistant on a tobacco estate who goes to Clambier, feeling somewhat feverish, left this latter place to return to the estate. When he arrived at home he took a bath, and as he was in the bath he felt a sharp pain in his back, and he thought it was a cold. He went to bed, and when he awoke in the morning he found that he was unable to move. He called for his wife, and she found him in a state of collapse. He died within a few hours. The cause of the accident was a snake bite. The snake had been in the bath, and it had bitten him on the back. The snake was a cobra, and it was very poisonous. The man was very young, and he was very healthy. He was a native of the country, and he was very fond of his work. He was very kind and very helpful to his fellow workers. He was very brave and very strong. He was very intelligent and very capable. He was very honest and very trustworthy. He was very generous and very kind. He was very brave and very strong. He was very intelligent and very capable. He was very honest and very trustworthy. He was very generous and very kind.

A SENSIBLE girl, says the *Family Doctor*, will not keep a lot of cosmetics and drugs on her toilet table, but there are a few articles she should always have in a convenient place. She should have an array of glass-stopped bottles containing alcohol, alum, camphor, borax, ammonia and glycerine or vaseline. A little camphor and water may be used as a wash for the mouth and throat if the breath is not sweet. Powdered alum applied to a feverish forehead will prevent it from becoming very hot. A little of the same mixture applied to the eyelids and the skin are removed by alcohol. A few grains of alum in tepid water will relieve people whose hands perspire very freely. Drops of sulphuric acid in the water are also beneficial for this purpose, and are also desirable for those whose feet perspire freely. We should always recommend care in the use of scented soap in many cases the perfume is simply a disguise for poor quality. A good glycerine or honey soap is always preferable. Of course, one may rely on scented soap from a high-class manufacturer, but it costs more money to use it. In addition to the soap for bathing, the toilet should be kept for washing the hair. Occasionally a little borax or ammonia may be used for this purpose, but it is usually too harsh in its effects.

THE influenza is reported to have completely disappeared from St. Petersburg and Moscow.

"BROWNE" in the *China Mail* spells dilemma with a capital D. What he intends to convey in the use of that expression is, however, a mystery we cannot pretend to be able to explain. The *China Mail* is an eminent authority on—mud.

THERE are now sixty-five cardinals in the Church of Rome. Seven are over 80 years old, twenty-one between 70 and 80, twenty-two between 60 and 70, eleven between 50 and 60 and four between 40 and 49. Cardinal Newman is the oldest member of the Sacred College. He was born on February, the 21st 1801.

THERE has been no talk about giving a show in honour of that intrepid warrior, the Duke of Connaught, in the Ko Shing Theatre. We don't know what particular aspirant after the gin-shop decoration of Mickey and George has fixed up this third class exhibition of Chinese art for the benefit of the Duke, but we do know that the Hon. Sammy Brown—who would be a K.C.M.G. if every man had his 'serts—ought to send one of his immaculate experts to have a professional survey of the very greatly corroded iron pillars that support this twenty-year old structure. Arthur Weatlin, alias Gueph, don't amount very much in these Radical days, but we really can't afford to have a warrior who displayed such consummate skill at Tel-el-kebir in keeping out of the range of fire, "burst up," by the tool of a badly constructed Chinese Theatre suddenly giving way.

THE present peace establishments of Germany, France and Russia are as follows: Germany, 884 battalions, 465 squadrons, 464 batteries, 1500 mounted guns, 10,457 officers, 468,400 rank and file. France, 267,651 officers, 534,100 rank and file, 488 batteries, with 2,050 mounted guns. Russia, 838 battalions, or 336,312 infantry, 323 squadrons of cavalry, with 57,416 men; 344 batteries of field artillery, with 15,542 mounted guns and 61,870 men; 331 battalions of engineers having 19,977 men besides 31,130 men of the "train" service, making a total of 562,500 men. To these should be added 238 squadrons of Cossacks, numbering 51,944 men; 112,850 local troops and 72,634 reserve men, which will bring up the strength of the Russian peace establishment to 799,928 men. The Russian army on a war footing is 1,602,500 strong, exclusive of local troops, and the French is claimed to be 3,784,000 men.

COMING events cast their shadows before. There was a foreign invasion of Macao yesterday, but it was a friendly one. Mr. Sid, to celebrate his success at the recent race-meeting, invited a number of his friends to a picnic, and the *Honam*, specially chartered for the occasion, left for Macao shortly after five o'clock on Saturday afternoon under the charge of Capt. W. C. Clark, the usual commander. Capt. C. Clark, being under the doctor's hands. A couple of break-downs—the steering gear giving way twice—rather delayed the festivities, but nearly fifty ladies and gentlemen eventually sat down to dinner when the steamer got safely moored alongside the wharf at Macao, and a most enjoyable evening was passed. On Sunday morning the *Faithful*, specially chartered by the Hon. C. P. Chater, made a very fast trip across to Macao under the able guidance of Capt. J. Hayland, and having nearly fifty passengers on board, the Holy City for once was quite lively, reminding reminiscences of the gay times in the now almost forgotten district. Both steamers returned to Hongkong early this morning, and we understand that the excursion is unanimously voted to have been an unqualified success.

ONE of the best ways of refreshing the complexion (says a competent authority) is to expose it freely to the rain. A long walk, with the soft rain playing in one's face, is a thorough beautifier, which umbrellas have robbed us of long enough. Equipped in water-proof cloak and cap of storm serge, leaving the face quite bare, one should walk hours at least to get the full benefit of the rain. Not only the rain but the vapour also does the work, the washing in the skin more thoroughly than a Turkish bath, filling out the shrunken skin, parched by house heat, and obliterating fine wrinkles. Sleep and walking in the rain are two great aids to beauty which preserved the charms of Diana of Poitiers, who never allowed weather to keep her indoors, and who never lost an umbrella because she never had one. Spraying the face with water from an atomizer every night for fifteen minutes will often the complexion withering by indoor dryness. It is a fact that within a month after steam is turned on, or the furnace going, fine lines and wrinkles begin to show in faces which the coast fog had kept some fair and healthy. The furnace heat is the enemy of pure and not taken from the cellar, and the water-pipe is kept full. But steam pipes are the unkindest thing to women's faces known. The only way to endure them is to keep a pan of water or wet towels evaporating constantly on the register.

THE ALLEGED EMBEZZLEMENT BY A BANK CASHIER.

MACLESTER PROCEEDINGS.

At the Police Court this morning before Mr. Woodhouse, John Gray, 26, of St. Ronald's, Scollay, was charged on remand with embezzlement. Mr. Wotton prosecuted, and Mr. Pollock defended.

Mr. Pollock called on the prosecution to definitely formulate the charges against the prisoner.

Mr. Wotton—From my statement the other day, which, owing to the shortness of time, was necessarily brief, your Worship would gather that the New Oriental Banking Corporation charge the prisoner with taking two sums of money—one of \$25,600, and one of \$3,400. I may state that on the 5th of this month the prisoner was short in his accounts \$29,000. On that day the Comptoir National paid in \$25,600, which should have been accounted for in the ordinary course by entries in the books, but was not. In order to make up the rest of his deficit the prisoner further drew a cheque, payable to himself, for \$3,400. Had he made the proper entries in the book he would have been \$29,000 short. The precise amounts he has taken, or the time at which he took them, we are not able to say at present, but the fact is none the less clear that he has appropriated this money belonging to the Bank, which is what we charge him with.

Mr. Pollock—Ob, cited to such a general charge being made—It was most preposterous to charge him with a general deficiency. The prosecution, if they could, must show that he had embezzled some particular sum, on a particular date, and he called on them to do so.

Mr. Wotton said that he was prepared to produce the evidence usually tendered in such cases, and show that the prisoner's deficiency on the 5th inst. amounted to \$29,000. That would be sufficient.

Mr. Wotton—The manager of the branch was then recalled. He said—The prisoner is the cashier, and receives all cash paid in, and sees that the cheques are in due order, and proper payments made, and is responsible for the balance in hand. He also has to keep the till registers,

in which bills from different quarters for collection are entered. He has also to compare the vouchers of the day with the cash-book of the day, after the Portuguese clerks have written it up. He has to balance the cash each day. The vouchers consist partly of slips showing the amounts paid in to the credit of customers, and other payments, the rest being cheques, drafts, and cashier's orders. In the case of a draft paid in, a cashier's slip would be placed among the vouchers. Each day's vouchers are filed separately. The prisoner and the comptoir have each keys to the safe, and it cannot be opened until the chief accountant has unlocked the cover to the lock. On the 5th inst. a sum of \$25,600 was collected from the Comptoir. If it was collected the prisoner's duty was to see that it was paid in by the comptoir, and a slip representing it filed in the cash-book. The cash would go into his cash-book. The slip produced is in the prisoner's handwriting, and refers to the sum of \$25,600 to be collected from the Comptoir National d'Escompte. On the evening of the 5th, I examined the vouchers made out on that day, and did not see that voucher. It should in the ordinary course have been placed on my desk. After a telegram had been sent to London, on the 6th, I again looked for it. I found it, but noticed that it had not been passed through the cash-book, as it should have. The balance that day only appeared as \$10,552, instead of \$36,153, and the smaller amount was in the cash-book. On the 6th inst. the comptoir informed me that the previous day the prisoner had drawn a cheque for \$3,400. I looked among the vouchers for the cheque, but could not find it. I found it entered in the cash-book as a payment made. He had no authority to draw the cheque, and no account with which to meet it. I sent for the prisoner, and said "You drew a cheque yesterday for \$3,400; it is not among the vouchers, where is it?" He said it was in his hand, and gave it to me. I said "How do you propose to meet it?" to which he replied "I can't." I said "What have you done with the money?" and he replied "I paid it away." I did not then know of the \$25,600. I said "You'd better get the money back, if possible; who did you pay it to?" He said "I paid \$3,000 to Wallace." I told him to say to him that he had at the same time sent a note to Mr. Wallace, asking him to call. He came, and we had a conversation about the matter. In consequence of that I said to the prisoner "Mr. Wallace says you didn't pay him that money—what did you do with the money?" He said "I put it into cash." I told him it was a serious matter, and I should have to suspend him and telegraph to London and tell his father. He said "I don't think that is necessary." I did not then know of the \$25,600, and thought it was only a matter of \$3,400. There had been no money paid on the cheque—it simply looked as if that amount had left the cash-box. Gray had no credit account with the Bank; he owed about \$1,800, having overdrafted, to some extent, without permission. After that the comptoir and accountant told me that a sum of \$25,600 had been paid by the Comptoir National d'Escompte the day before, and no voucher given. On hearing that confirmed by a Comptoir I applied for a warrant. On returning I heard that the prisoner had requested the comptoir to wait until four o'clock before closing the cash, as he expected to get some money from Mr. Chater. I went to look for the prisoner, and found him in the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank. I said "What did you do with the money paid in by the Comptoir?" He was incoherent for some time, and then said "I don't care that (snapping his fingers) for myself, but I am sorry for you, and for my father and mother." I again said "What have you done with the money?" He said "It has been going for some time—eighteen months." I said "How do you do it?" and he replied "Cash was paid for bills, and put through the books the following day; bills were paid on the 31st March and put through on the 1st April, to the extent (witness believed) of \$19,000." I then went to Mr. Chater—prisoner promising to stay in the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—and he told me that the prisoner had not seen him about getting any money. Prisoner, Mr. Chater, and I returned to our Bank, and shortly afterwards the prisoner was arrested.

Mr. Pollock—Just refer to the October entries. Mr. Wotton—The prosecution must go on fine itself to some particular date. Mr. Pollock—I propose to put in an entry in this book to show the manner in which this embezzlement was hidden from time to time. Mr. Pollock still objected. The prisoner was only charged with embezzlement on the 5th March, and nothing else could be gone into.

Mr. Wotton—Should it appear during the investigation that the prisoner had committed other offences it is quite competent for the Crown or whoever prosecutes to charge him with them also. I am going to show the machinery of the fraud. In order to have his cash balanced the prisoner abstained from making entries in his books when money was received, until, some times, some days afterwards, and I propose to show by the books that he made an alteration in one receipt for money by which it appeared that it was paid in on the 1st October, whereas as a matter of fact it was paid on the 30th September. That gave him money to make his books balance for that day.

Mr. Wotton thought that was hardly admissible.

Mr. Wotton—"You see it is impossible to point out the precise dates when the money was taken, but on the 5th March, when we found these discrepancies, the prisoner was \$29,000 short. He must have carried it on, and concealed it as he did, by supplanting the receipt of the \$25,600, and drawing the cheque for \$3,400.

Witness—Every time I checked his cash it balanced, so he must have done that.

Mr. Wotton—I shall show that that is in itself an offence under the Ordinance.

His Worship—Charge him with it, then. Until you do I do not think this evidence is worth anything.

Mr. Wotton—Very well, I will charge him with it, then.

Witness continued—I charge the prisoner with being deficient \$29,000.

Cross-examined—At ten o'clock each morning the prisoner takes the cash out of the safe, and gives out a few thousand dollars to the comptoir for present wants. He had also to initial any cheques before they were paid. It would be irregular for anyone to initial any cheques except myself, or the chief accountant, or the prisoner. Any money collected by the comptoir would be given to the prisoner after making a return. The prisoner had about \$25,000 due to him on the 5th inst. His salary being \$200 a month. When the \$25,600 was paid in a voucher ought to have been given for it; but the comptoir said he did not do so because he could not get it from the prisoner. The Portuguese clerks had nothing to do with the matter.

Albert Schlumberger, cashier of the Comptoir National d'Escompte produced a voucher from the comptoir of the New Oriental Bank, acknowledging the payment of \$25,600. It was dated the 5th March.

Mr. Wotton—I am a sheriff, employed in the French Bank. I remember the 5th March. I paid the order for \$25,600, produced by Fung Po Chai.

Mr. W. H. Wallace said—I am a broker. I did not receive any payment of \$2,000 or any other sum, from the prisoner, on the 6th March.

Fung Po Chai said—I am a sheriff at the New Oriental Bank. I remember going to the French

Bank with an order for \$21,600 on the 5th inst. I was paid by Mr. W. I handed it to a clerk, J

Commercial.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—191 per cent. premium, sellers.

Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$101 per share, buyers.

China Travelers Insurance Company—\$72 per share, buyers.

North China Insurance—Tls. 350 per share buyers.

Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$130 per share.

Yangtze Insurance Association—Tls. 95 per share.

On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150 per share.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$375 per share, ex. div. sellers.

China Fire Insurance Company—\$85 ex. div. per share, sellers.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—56 per cent. premium, sellers.

Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$33 per share, sellers.

China and Manila Steam Ship Company—\$115 per share, buyers.

Hongkong Gas Company—\$135 per share, sellers.

Hongkong Hotel Company—\$200 per share, sellers.

Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures—\$201.

Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—124 per cent. div. buyers.

Danish Steamship Company—\$63 per share, buyers.

China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$210 per share, ex. div. sellers.

Luen Seng Refining Company, Limited—\$70 per share, sellers.

Hongkong Ice Company—\$110 per share, buyers.

Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$30 per share.

Hongkong Tea Factory Co., Limited—\$14 per share, sellers.

A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$23 per share, sellers.

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884—B—24 per cent. premium, sellers.

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884—C—5 per cent. premium, buyers.

Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886—E—11 per cent. premium.

Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited—\$104 per share, sellers.

The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Ltd.—\$25 per share.

Punong and Sanghie Dun Samantan Mining Co.—\$15 per share, buyers.

The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—\$12 per share, buyers.

Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company—\$95 per share, sellers.

Tongqua Coal Mining Co.—\$450 per share, buyers.

The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co., Limited—200 per cent. prem., sellers.

The East Borneo Planting Co., Limited—\$61 per share, sellers.

The Seng Kee Koyah Planting Co., Ltd.—\$61 per share, buyers.

Cruckshank & Co., Ltd.—\$40 per share, nom.

The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.

The Austin Amn Hotel and Building Co., Ltd.—nominal.

The China-Nomine Co., Ltd.—\$38 per share, sellers.

The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Ltd.—\$18 per share, sellers.

The Green Island Cement Co. (Old Issue)—\$43 per share, buyers.

The Green Island Cement Co. (New Issue)—\$5 per share, buyers.

The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Ltd.—\$95 per share, buyers.

The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Ltd.—\$8 per share, nominal.

Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$30 per share, nominal.

The West Point Buildings Co., Ltd.—\$45 per share, buyers.

The Peak Hotel and Trading Co., Ltd.—\$20 per share, sellers.

The Labuk Planting Co., Ltd.—\$25 per share, nominal.

The Jebleu Mining and Trading Co., Ltd.—\$5 per share, buyers.

The Selama Tin Mining Co., Ltd.—\$31 per share, sellers.

The Shamen Hotel Co., Ltd.—\$5 per share, nominal.

The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Ltd.—\$16 per share, sellers.

The Hongkong Marina, Limited—25 per cent. premium, nominal.

EXCHANGE.

ON LONDON.—Bank, T. T. 3/0 1/2

Bank Bills, on demand 3/1 1/2

Bank Bills, at 30 days sight 3/1 1/2

Bank Bills, at 4 months sight 3/1 1/2

Credited at 4 months sight 3/1 1/2

Documentary Bills, at 4 months sight 3/1 1/2

ON PARIS.—Bank, T. T. 1/8

Bank Bills, on demand 1/8

Credits, at 4 months sight 1/8

ON INDIA.—T. T. 22 1/2

On Demand 22 1/2

ON SHANGHAI.—Bank, T. T. 7 1/2

Private, 30 days sight 7 1/2

Shipping.

ARRIVALS.

S. M. SHAMWONG, American bark, 523, Foster, 8th March, Newcastle, N.S.W., 8th Jan. Coal.—Butterfield & Swire.

NAMKIANG, British steamer, 979, T. Hamlin, 8th March, Saigon and March, Rice.—Man Moh.

FREY, Danish steamer, 397, Ch. Lund, 9th March, Pakhoi, and Hoihow 8th March, General.—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.

CICERO, British steamer, 1030, A. George, 9th March, Saigon 4th March, General.—Wo Kee & Co.

NORMANDY, British steamer, 644, Chas. Ruston, 9th March, Manila 6th March, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

YANOTZSE, German steamer, 814, C. Tonning, 9th March, Shanghai 6th March, General.—Siemssen & Co.

DORIS, German steamer, 771, J. Raben, 9th March, Hoihow 7th March, General.—Weller & Co.

FUSHEI MARU, Japanese steamer, 1119, J. P. C. Frank, 9th March, Nagasaki 5th March, Coals.—Mitsui Bishi Colliery.

CHOI-YUEN, Chinese steamer, 9th March, Pakhoi 7th March.

LOI-YUEN, Chinese steamer, 9th March, Pakhoi 7th March.

CHI-YUEN, Chinese steamer, 9th March, Pakhoi 7th March.

KING-YUEN, Chinese steamer, 9th March, Pakhoi 7th March.

ARRATON ARCA, British steamer, 1392, J. G. Offlent, 10th March, Calcutta 26th Feb., Penang 27th, and Singapore 28th March, Opium and General.—D. Sassoon, Sons & Co.

VERONA, British steamer, 1876, Speck, 10th March, from Yokohama, Malls and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

LOMBARDY, British steamer, 1,570, G. L. Langborne, 10th March, Yokohama 27th Feb., and Amoy 8th March, General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

MASSILLA, British steamer, 2,742, C. Fraser, 10th March, Shanghai 8th March, Malls and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

CHASSERAY, French gunboat, 950, Captain Bayard, 10th March, Manila 7th March.

STENTOR, British steamer, 1,271, S. Milligan, 10th March, Liverpool 21st January, and Singapore 3rd March, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

LEARANCES AT THE HARBOUR OFFICE.

Freij, Danish steamer, for Hoihow.

Namkiang, British steamer, for Amoy.

Falkenberg, German steamer, for Saigon.

Diamante, British steamer, for Amoy.

Taile, British steamer, for Saigon.

IMPORTERS.

March 8, Smith, Chinese steamer, for Amoy.

March 8, Kaifong, British str., for Whampoa.

March 9, Kwanglo, Chinese str., for Whampoa.

March 9, Taitang, British str., for Whampoa.

March 9, Cressier, Russian corvette, for Amoy.

March 9, Irit, British schooner, for Singapore.

March 9, Jugaban, German steamer, for Cheloo, &c.

March 9, Haitan, British steamer, for Swatow, &c.

March 9, Clara, German steamer, for Hoihow.

March 9, Alnora, British steamer, for Amoy.

March 10, Alnora, German steamer, for Hoihow, &c.

March 10, Vorwärts, German steamer, for Cheloo, &c.

March 10, Falkenberg, German steamer, for Saigon.

March 10, Strathleven, British steamer, for Saigon.

March 10, Canton, British str., for Shanghai.

March 10, Glenhar, British steamer, for Singapore, &c.

PASSENGERS—ARRIVED.

Per Freij, str., from Pakhoi, &c.—Right Rev. Burdon, Rev. Grange, and 84 Chinese.

Per Namkiang, str., from Saigon.—7 Chinese.

Per Arraton Arca, str., from Calcutta.—Mrs. Offlent, Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant, Messrs. Church, Wendell, Williams, Kridger, Wills, A. G. Apar, and Cathick, 2 Germans, 6 Chinese, woman and 3 children. From Penang.—24 Chinese, 2 women and 4 children. From Singapore.—Mr. W. H. Haffenden, 317 Chinese, 34 women and 12 children, and 1 Arab.

Per Cicero, str., from Saigon.—20 Chinese.

Per Yangtze, str., from Shanghai.—10 Chinese.

Per Lombardy, str., from Amoy, &c.—78 Chinese.

Per Verona, str., from Yokohama for Hongkong.—Mrs. and Miss Armstrong, Messrs. Leon, Wong Shing Hing, Chow Foon, Ah Yok, R. Howie, and 24 Chinese (steerage). From Nagasaki.—Messrs. Yuen and Man Ching, 100. From Yokohama for Swatow.—Messrs. Timbora and Renard, 10. From London.—Messrs. Takourdin and Halfour, 10. From Hoihow for Singapore.—2 Japanese (steerage).

Per Massilla, str., from Shanghai for Hongkong.—Messrs. M. Bigillon, M. J. Moses, and servant, Ching Choy-tung, and servant, J. Bosworth, B. Bosworth, J. Martin, and 152 Chinese. For Singapore.—Messrs. C. Wong and servant, and R. Law. For Penang.—1 Malao. For London.—Mr. and Mrs. Liddell, 4 children and 2 children. Archdeacon Moule, and Miss Moule and 2 children.

Per Stentor, str., from Liverpool, &c.—Mr. Siler, and 201 Chinese.

REPORTS.

The British steamship *Normandy* reports that she left Manila on the 6th instant. Had strong north-east monsoon and heavy head sea.

The German steamship *Yangtze* reports that she left Shanghai on the 6th instant. Had moderate and fresh north-east winds with fine weather.

The British steamship *Cicero* reports that she left Saigon on the 4th instant. From Saigon to Paracels had strong north-east gale with very high sea, thence to port had moderate north-east winds and sea.

The British steamship *Stentor* reports that she left Liverpool on the 21st instant, and Singapore on the 2nd instant. Had fresh north-east winds to Pulo Sapu; thence light north-east winds and fine weather to port.

The British steamship *Namkiang* reports that she left Saigon on the 2nd instant. Had strong north-east winds and high head sea to lat. 19 north; thence to port had moderate northerly wind and heavy north-east swell.

The British steamship *Arraton Arca* reports that she left Calcutta on the 20th ultimo, Penang on the 27th, and Singapore on the 2nd instant; arrived here on the 10th. Had fine weather throughout. In the China Sea had very strong north-east winds with heavy sea, fine and clear weather.

Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE.

For Swatow.—Per *Pokien*, to-morrow, the 11th at 10.30 A.M.

For Amoy and Manila.—Per *Diamante* to-morrow, the 11th instant, at 3.30 P.M.

For Europe, &c., &c.—Per *Massilla* on Wednesday, the 13th instant, at 11.00 A.M.

SHIPPING IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS.

DIAMANTE, British steamer, 514, G. Taylor, 8th March, Manila 5th March, General.—Russell & Co.

DON JUAN, Spanish steamer, 654, J. Marquez, 10th Feb., Manila 7th Feb., General.—Brando & Co.

FAME, British steamer, 117, W. W. Allan, Hongkong Government tender.

FOKIN, British steamer, 509, Lewis, 8th March, Tamsui 3rd March, Amoy 4th, and Swatow 7th, General.—D. Laprak & Co.

GLENNAR, British steamer, 1,410, W. Murray, 8th March, Saigon 3rd March, Rice.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

KAYONG, British steamer, 997, T. Gyles, 7th March, Shanghai 3rd March, and Swatow 6th, General.—Butterfield & Swire.

OCEANIC, British steamer, 3,809, W. M. Smith, 28th Feb., San Francisco 4th Feb., and Yokohama 2nd, Malls and General.—O. & O. S. N. Co.

PHU-QUO, French steamer, 183, Vallis, 8th Sept., Tourn 20th Sept., Coals.—Wing Tai Co.

PIL FIELD, British steamer, 161, A. Stopan, Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co.

TAILE, German steamer, 828, Schulte, 7th March, Nagasaki 2nd March, Coals.—Morris & Co.

TRITOS, German steamer, 1,390, F. Iversen, 3rd March, Bangkok 27th February, Rice.—Siemssen & Co.

SAILING VESSELS.

COLOMA, American bark, 843, C. M. Noyes, 9th Dec., Portland 19th Oct., and Honolulu 8th Nov. Lumber.—Order.

CONQUEROR, American ship, 1,540, A. D. Lothrop, 17th June, Anjer 1st June, Ballast.—Reuter, Brockmann & Co.

HONGKONG—SAILING VESSELS.

Continued.

EMER, British bark, 774, Summers, 2nd March, London 6th November, General.—Order.

ERLANGEN, Chinese bark, 457, Optum Examination, 1st March, Sincere's Island—Chinese Customs.

GREAT ADMIRAL, American ship, 1,497, J. F. Rowell, 30th Nov., San Francisco 8th Oct., Flour.—Melchers & Co.

HANS, German schooner, 120, G. A. Hansen, 2nd Dec., Matupi 25th Sept., General.—Blackhead & Co.

OAKWORTH, British ship, 1,201, Thos. Nall, 12th February, Middleboro' 10th August, General.—W. Hewitt & Co.

OMRO, British bark, 480, A. V. Brown, 28th Jan., Honolulu 24th December, General.—Master.

PALAGONIA, British bark, 1,199, Wm. Tubbes, 8th March, New York 4th Nov., Kerosene Oil.—Russell & Co.

P. N. BLANCHARD, American ship, 1,501, N. W. Blanchard, 3rd Feb., Higo 29th January, Coal.—Order.

RINGLEADER, American ship, 1,145, J. Clifford, Entwisle, 1st Feb., Newcastle, N.S.W., 19th Dec., Coal.—Butterfield & Swire.

SUMATRA, British bark, 740, John Rea, 16th Jan., Gorontalo 17th Dec., Ebony and Rattan.—Ed. Schellhaus & Co.

W. H. LINCOLN, American ship, 1,675, M. J. Daly, 12th Jan., Yokohama 27th Dec., Kerosene Oil.—Russell & Co.

To be Let.

TO LET.

HOUSES No. 1 and 2, "KIMBERLEY VILLAS" at Kowloon, from 1st February, 1890.

and

HOUSE No. 4, "VICTORIA VIEW" Kowloon Point, from 1st February, 1890.

Apply to
A. P. ALVES.
Hongkong, 24th January, 1890. [180]

TO LET.

From 1st April.

NO. 1, BLUE BUILDINGS—Top Floor.

Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT AND AGENCY COMPANY, LIMITED.
Victoria Buildings,
Hongkong, 7th March, 1890. [188]

TO LET.

NO. 25, ELGIN ROAD, behind the Old Union Church.

Apply to
ACHEE & Co.,
17, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong, 7th March, 1890. [186]

TO LET.

FROM the 1st March, ROOMS suitable for OFFICES on the first floor of the PREMISES in Pedder's Street at present occupied by Calbeck, MacGregor & Co.

Apply to
CRUCKSHANK & Co., Ltd.
Hongkong, 20th February, 1890. [196]

TO LET.

ROOMS in "COLLEGE CHAMBERS," 2, SEYMOUR TERRACE, "STONEHENGE," Robinson Road, from 1st May.

Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 6th March, 1890. [113]

TO LET.

Possession from 1st April next.

HOUSE No. 16, ELGIN STREET.

Apply to
L. KIRCHMANN,
No. 4, Ladder Street Terrace.
Hongkong, 28th February, 1890. [153]

TO LET.

FROM 1st February next, Nos. 53, 55, & 57, FEEL STREET.

Apply to
EDWARD GEORGE.
Hongkong, 9th January, 1890. [110]

TO LET AT THE PEAK.

DUNNOTAR, R. B. Lot No. 20, for 1 year, from 15th April, 1890.

Apply to
B.
c/o Hongkong Telegraph Office.
Hongkong, 10th February, 1890. [273]

TO LET.

THE TOP FLOOR of Gibb, Livingston & Co.'s Hong consisting of Five Specious Rooms and Three Bath Rooms suitable either as Offices or Dwelling Apartments.

For terms, apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., Ltd.
Hongkong, 14th January, 1890. [138]

Intimations.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-ORDINARY MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Offices No. 14, Praya Central, on MONDAY, the 24th inst., at 3 p.m. The object and business of the Meeting will be to confirm the Special Resolutions numbered 1, 2, 3, and 4 passed on the 3rd March, 1890.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. GILLIES,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 4th March, 1890. [1372]

NOTICE.

JEY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JEY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices, Extra Special terms for Shipping and Large Orders.

Sir ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says
"It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co.,
Bank Buildings,
Hongkong, 19th June, 1888. [112]

STEAMERS EXPECTED IN HONGKONG.

STEAMERS	FROM	DATE DUE	AGENTS
Stentor	Liverpool	March 10th	Butterfield & Swire.
Yorkshire	London	March 12th	Russell & Co.
Brindley	London	March 13th	P. & O. S. N. Co.
Glenarney	London	March 13th	Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Congo	Manilla	March 13th	Messageries Maritimes.
Bellona	Manilla	March 13th	Siemssen & Co.
Sarpedon	Liverpool	March 14th	Butterfield & Swire.
City of Rio de Janeiro	San Francisco	March 15th	Pacific Mail S. S. Co.
Moyune	London	March 15th	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.
Edendale	Liverpool	March 17th	Adamson, Bell & Co.
Wingand	Calcutta	March 17th	D. Sassoon, Sons & Co.
Batavia	Vancouver	March 19th	Adamson, Bell & Co.
Nizam	Bombay	March 19th	P. & O. S. N. Co.
Venetia	Bombay	March 26th	P. & O. S. N. Co.

STEAMERS LOADING IN HONGKONG.

DESTINATION	VESSELS	AGENTS	DATE OF LEAVING
London, &c., via Suez Canal	Massilla	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Mar. 12th, at noon.
London, via Suez Canal	Palourus	Butterfield & Swire	Mar. 13th.
Manilla, via Saigon, &c.	Oxus	Messageries Maritimes.	Mar. 19th, at noon.
Bremen, via Ports of Call.	Sachsen	Melchers & Co.	Mar. 19th, at 10 a.m.
Havre, London, &c.	Campanthenshire	Adamson, Bell & Co.	About March 18th.
New York	Metionethshire	Adamson, Bell & Co.	About March 14th.
San Francisco, via H. &c.	Oceanic	O. & O. S. S. Co.	Mar. 15th, at 1 p.m.
San Francisco, via Panama	City of Rio de Janeiro	Pacific Mail S. S. Co.	Mar. 25th, at 1 p.m.
Vancouver, B.C., via L. &c.	Estaviva	Adamson, Bell & Co.	April 3rd, at noon.
Sydney and Melbourne	Tatar	Gibb, Livingston & Co.	About Mar. 23rd.
Port Darwin, &c.	Chinglu	Butterfield & Swire	Mar. 30th, daylight.
Straits and Bombay	Lombard	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Mar. 13th, at noon.
Sandakan and Kudat	Mennon	Butterfield & Swire	Mar. 15th, at noon.
Yokohama, via Nag., &c.	Verona	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Mar. 14th, daylight.
Kobe and Yokohama	Edendale	Adamson, Bell & Co.	About Mar. 19th.
Tientsin	Kailong	Butterfield & Swire	Mar. 12th, at noon.
Tientsin	Yikwang	Jardine, Matheson & Co.	Mar. 14th.
Shanghai, Kobe, &c.	Moyune	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	About Mar. 17th.
Shanghai, via Amoy	Siemssen	Butterfield & Swire	March 12th.
Manila, via Amoy	Diamante	Russell & Co.	To-morrow, at 4 p.m.
Swatow	Folien	Douglas Lapraik & Co.	To-morrow, at 11 a.m.

Intimations.

INTIMATION.

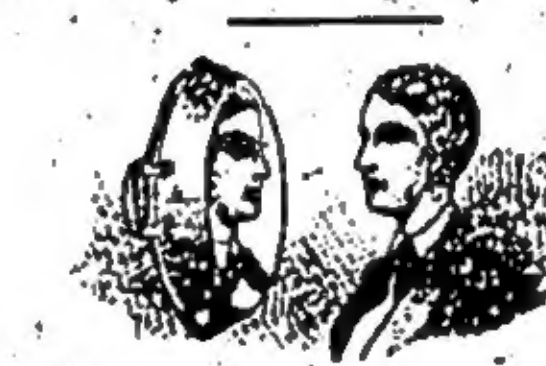
F. Blackhead & Co.,
SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS,
AND
PROVISION MERCHANTS,
NAVY CONTRACTORS,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,
No. 11, Praya Central,
(Opposite Pedder's Wharf).

SOLE AGENTS

for
RAHTJEN'S
GENUINE
COMPOSITION
FOR THE BOTTOMS OF IRON SHIPS.

HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT, specially manufactured for coating the inside of STEEL SHIPS.

CARBOLINEUM AVENARIUS
PRESERVATIVE AGAINST
ROTTING, DECAY, &c., of WOOD.



SAPOLIO.
ENOCH MORGAN'S SON'S
SAPOLIO
FOR GENERAL CLEANING PURPOSES.

CHR. MOTZ & Co., BORDEAUX CLARETS

MAX HAASEN'S FRANKFURT ON M.
CONSERVED MEATS,
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT
CEMENT from the celebrated Factory of Hemmoor.

SWEDISH TAR AND OREGON PINE LUMBER.

FLENSBURG STOCKBEER.
ENGINEERS AND BLACKSMITHS'
MACHINERY AND TOOLS.
EVERY KIND OF
SHIP'S STORES AND REQUISITES.
ALWAYS IN STOCK
AT
REASONABLE PRICES.

ALL KINDS OF
COALS
SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1889. [130]

NOTICE.

HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHIPMASTERS AND ENGINEERS

are respectfully informed that, if upon their arrival in this Harbour none of the COMPANY'S FOREMEN should be at hand, ORDERS FOR REPAIRS, if sent to the HEAD OFFICE, No. 14, Praya Central, will receive prompt attention.

In the event of complaints being forwarded, communication with the Undersigned is requested, when immediate steps will be taken to rectify the cause of dissatisfaction.

D. GILLIES
Secretary.
Hongkong, 25th August, 1886. [15]

HONGKONG HIGH LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
8 to 10 A.M. every quarter of an hour.
10 to 12 P.M. every half hour (Tiffin Car at 12.45)
12 to 3 P.M. every quarter of an hour.
3 to 7.30 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

THURSDAYS.
NIGHT TRAMS at 10.10 and 11 P.M.

SATURDAYS.
NIGHT TRAMS at 8.45, 9.30, 10.30, 11 P.M.

SUNDAYS.
10 to 4 A.M.; 12 (NOON) to 2 P.M. every quarter of an hour.
2 to 7.30 P.M. every quarter of an hour.
Special Cars may be obtained on application to the Superintendent.

Single Tickets are sold in the Cars, Five-Cent Coupons and Reduced Tickets at the Office.

MACWEN, FRICKER & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1889. [119]

Dr. Knorr's
ANTIPYRINE.
(Dose for Adults 15 to 35 grains 100).

IS the most approved and most efficacious remedy in cases of HEADACHE, MIGRAINE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, FEVER, TYPHUS, ERYSIPELAS, HOOPING-COUGH, and many other complaints. It is also the very best Antiseptic. Highly recommended by the medical Faculty. To be had at every reputed Chemist and Druggist. Ask for Dr. KNORR'S ANTIPYRINE! Each Tin bears the inventor's signature "Dr. KNORR" in red letters.

Supplies constantly on hand at the China Export, Import, and Banking Co.—Sole Agents for China. Beware of spurious imitations!

Hongkong 20th May, 1890. [140]

Geo. Fenwick & Co.,
LIMITED.

VICTORIA FOUNDRY, WANCHAI.

ENGINEERS, IRON and BRASS
FOUNDERS, GOVERNMENT & GENERAL
CONTRACTORS, &c.

Established 1880.
Hongkong, 26th January, 1890. [105]

NOTICE.

P. C. FULLERT,
LICENSED INLAND SEA PILOT.

NAGASAKI
Will meet ships off
IWOSIMA OR ROKUREN.
Telegraphic address:—
FULLERT, Nagasaki.
FULLERT, Kobe.
15th November, 1889. [129]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,
CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, and OPTICIANS.
CHARTS and BOOKS.
NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Sole Agents for "Leontine's" Watches, awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition, and for Volkmann and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES, No. 8, Queen's Road Central. [1243]

NOTICE.

THOMAS KEAR & CO.,
ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS
AND
CONTRACTORS,
YAU-MA-TI ENGINEERING WORKS,
Kowloon.
Hongkong, 6th June, 1889. [126]

SCOTT'S
EMULSION

OF PURE COD LIVER OIL
With Hypophosphites of Lime & Soda.
PALATABLE AS MILK.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken by the most delicate of constitutions.

AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ANEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS, AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, AND ALL WASTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN OF ALL AGES.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Agents for China and Hongkong:
Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co. (LIMITED),
Hongkong, 20th December, 1889.

For Sale.



NATURE'S PLEASANT LAXATIVE

A Pleasing Sense of Health and Strength Renewed, and of Ease and Comfort

Follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts gently on the

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS

Effectually Cleansing the System when Costive or Bilious, Dispelling Colds, Headaches and Fevers and permanently curing

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION

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